Centre No.						Paper Reference							Surname	Initial(s)
Candidate No.						6	6	6	3	/	0	1	Signature	

Paper Reference(s)

6663/01

Edexcel GCE

Core Mathematics C1

Advanced Subsidiary

Monday 2 June 2008 – Morning

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

Examiner's use only

Team Leader's use only

Question Number	Leave Blank
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
Total	

Materials required for examination	Items included with question papers
Mathematical Formulae (Green)	Nil

Calculators may NOT be used in this examination.

Instructions to Candidates

In the boxes above, write your centre number, candidate number, your surname, initials and signature.
Check that you have the correct question paper.
Answer ALL the questions.
You must write your answer for each question in the space following the question.

Information for Candidates

A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
Full marks may be obtained for answers to ALL questions.
The marks for individual questions and the parts of questions are shown in round brackets: e.g. **(2)**.
There are 11 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
There are 28 pages in this question paper. Any blank pages are indicated.

Advice to Candidates

You must ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear to the Examiner.
Answers without working may not gain full credit.

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1. Find $\int (2 + 5x^2)\, dx$.

(3)

Q1

(Total 3 marks)

H 2 9 9 9 2 A 0 2 2 8

Leave blank

4. $$f(x) = 3x + x^3, \qquad x > 0.$$

(a) Differentiate to find $f'(x)$.

(2)

Given that $f'(x) = 15$,

(b) find the value of x.

(3)

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9. The curve C has equation $y = kx^3 - x^2 + x - 5$, where k is a constant.

(a) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

(2)

The point A with x-coordinate $-\frac{1}{2}$ lies on C. The tangent to C at A is parallel to the line with equation $2y - 7x + 1 = 0$.

Find

(b) the value of k,

(4)

(c) the value of the y-coordinate of A.

(2)

Leave blank

11. The gradient of a curve C is given by $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(x^2+3)^2}{x^2}$, $x \neq 0$.

(a) Show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 + 6 + 9x^{-2}$.

(2)

The point (3, 20) lies on C.

(b) Find an equation for the curve C in the form $y = f(x)$.

(6)

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Centre No.						Paper Reference							Surname	Initial(s)
Candidate No.						6	6	6	4	/	0	1	Signature	

Paper Reference(s)

6664/01

Edexcel GCE

Core Mathematics C2

Advanced Subsidiary

Monday 2 June 2008 – Morning

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

Examiner's use only

Team Leader's use only

Question Number	Leave Blank
1	
2	
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9	
Total	

Materials required for examination
Mathematical Formulae (Green)

Items included with question papers
Nil

Candidates may use any calculator allowed by the regulations of the Joint Council for Qualifications. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions to Candidates

In the boxes above, write your centre number, candidate number, your surname, initials and signature.
Check that you have the correct question paper.
Answer ALL the questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided in this question paper.
When a calculator is used, the answer should be given to an appropriate degree of accuracy.

Information for Candidates

A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
Full marks may be obtained for answers to ALL questions.
The marks for individual questions and the parts of questions are shown in round brackets: e.g. **(2)**.
There are 9 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
There are 28 pages in this question paper. Any blank pages are indicated.

Advice to Candidates

You must ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear to the Examiner.
Answers without working may not gain full credit.

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8.

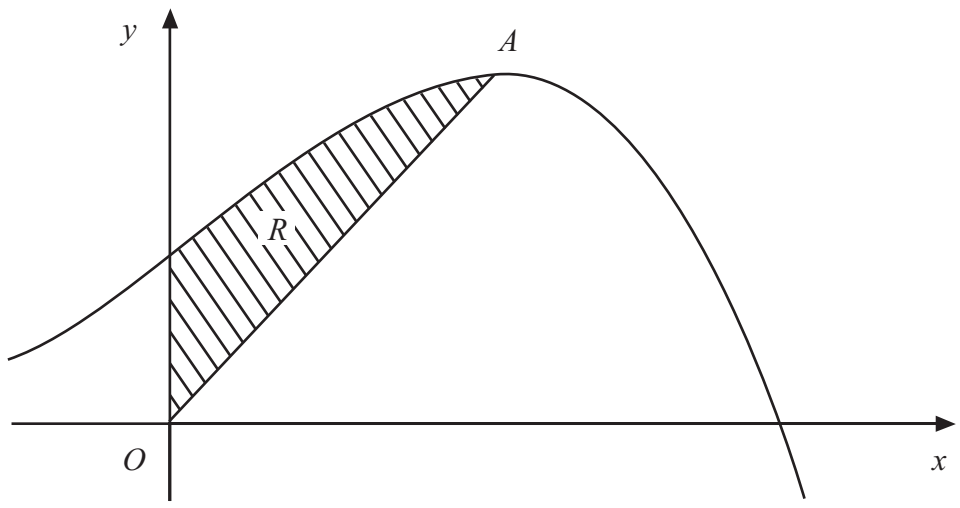

Figure 2

Figure 2 shows a sketch of part of the curve with equation $y = 10 + 8x + x^2 - x^3$.

The curve has a maximum turning point A.

(a) Using calculus, show that the x-coordinate of A is 2.

(3)

The region R, shown shaded in Figure 2, is bounded by the curve, the y-axis and the line from O to A, where O is the origin.

(b) Using calculus, find the exact area of R.

(8)

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