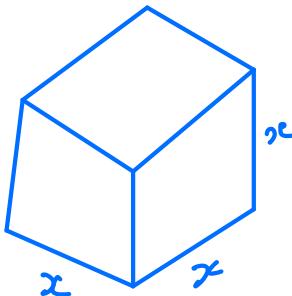


# Volume and Surface Area

Cube



$$\begin{aligned}\text{Volume} &= x \times x \times x \\ &= x^3\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Surface area} &= 6 \times x^2 \\ &= 6x^2\end{aligned}$$

Example

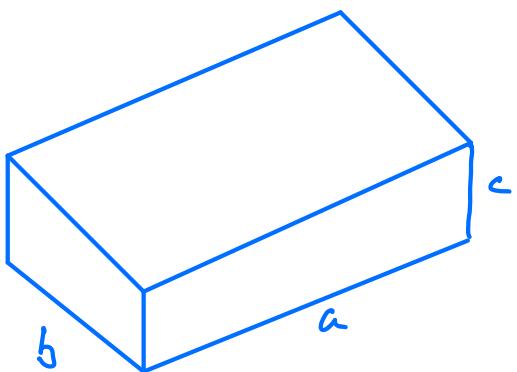


$$\text{Volume} = 6^3 = 216 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$\text{Surface Area} = 6 \times 6^2 = 216 \text{ cm}^2$$

---

Cuboid



$$\begin{aligned}\text{Volume} &= a \times b \times c \\ &= abc\end{aligned}$$

Length  $\times$  Width  $\times$  Height

Surface Area

Front  
Back

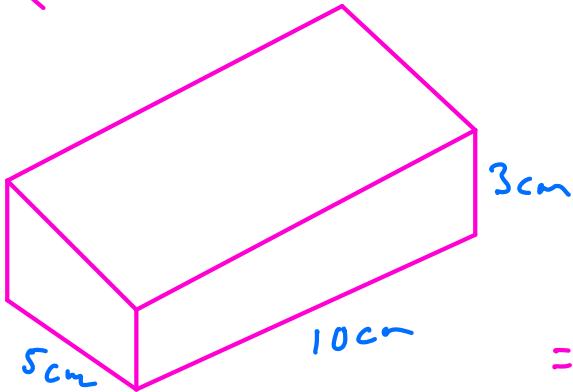
Left side  
Right side

Top  
Bottom

$$2ac + 2bc + 2ab$$

$$\text{or } 2(ac + bc + ab)$$

## Example



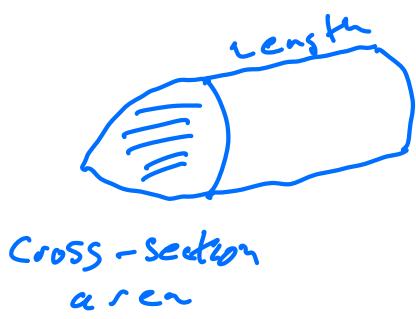
$$\begin{aligned}\text{Volume} &= 10 \times 5 \times 3 \\ &= 150 \text{ cm}^3\end{aligned}$$

Surface Area

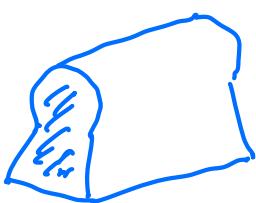
$$\begin{aligned}&= 2(10 \times 3 + 10 \times 5 + 5 \times 3) \\ &= 2(30 + 50 + 15) \\ &= 190 \text{ cm}^2\end{aligned}$$

---

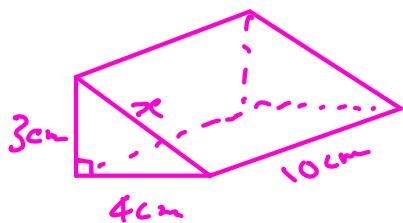
Prisms - have uniform cross-section



Vol = cross-section area  $\times$  length



## Example



$$\begin{aligned}\text{Area of cross-section} &= \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times 3 \\ &= 6 \text{ cm}^2\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Volume} &= \text{Area of cross-section} \times \text{Length} \\ &= 6 \times 10 \\ &= 60 \text{ cm}^3\end{aligned}$$

$$x^2 = 3^2 + 4^2 = 25 \quad (\text{Pythagoras})$$

$$x = \sqrt{25} = 5 \text{ cm}$$

S.A = 2 Triangles + 3 Rectangles

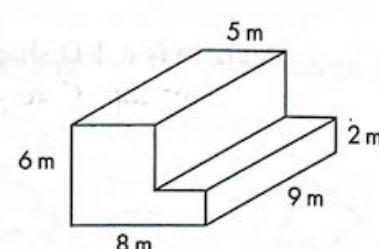
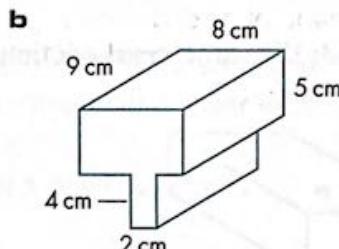
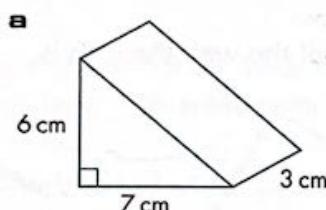
$$2\left(\frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times 3\right) + 10 \times 4 + 10 \times 3 + 10 \times 5 = 132 \text{ cm}^2$$

## EXERCISE 4D

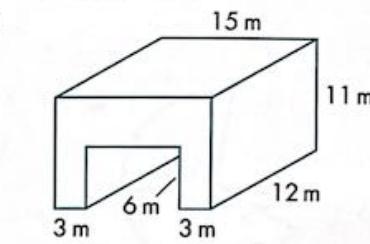
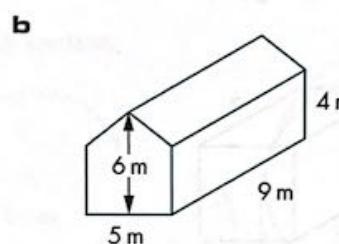
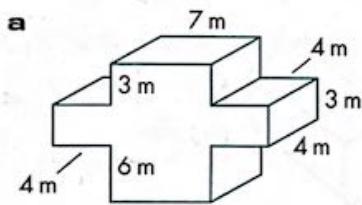


**1** For each prism shown

- i** sketch the cross-section
- ii** calculate the area of the cross-section
- iii** calculate the volume.

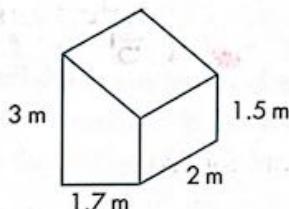


**2** Calculate the volume of each of these prisms.



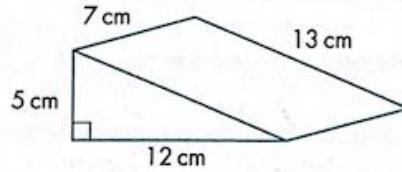
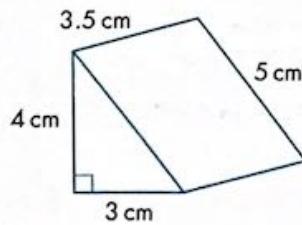
**3** The uniform cross-section of a swimming pool is a trapezium with parallel sides, 1 m and 2.5 m, with a perpendicular distance of 30 m between them. The width of the pool is 10 m. How much water is in the pool when it is full? Give your answer in litres.

**4** A lean-to is a prism. Calculate the volume of air inside the lean-to with the dimensions shown in the diagram. Give your answer in litres.

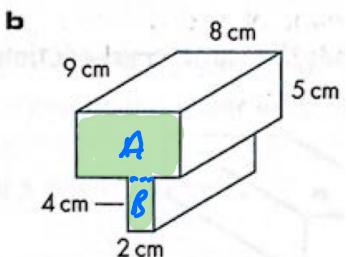


**5** Each of these prisms has a regular cross-section in the shape of a right-angled triangle.

- a** Find the volume of each prism.
- b** Find the total surface area of each prism.



## Find Volume



Cross-Section Area

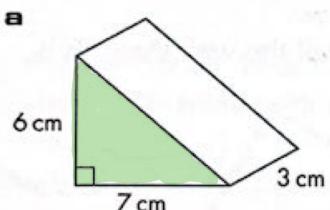
$$A = 8 \times 5 = 40$$

$$\text{Total Area} \quad B = 4 \times 2 = \frac{8}{48 \text{ cm}^2} +$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Volume} &= \text{cross-section area} \times \text{length} \\ &= 48 \times 9 = 432 \text{ cm}^3 \end{aligned}$$


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## Classwork

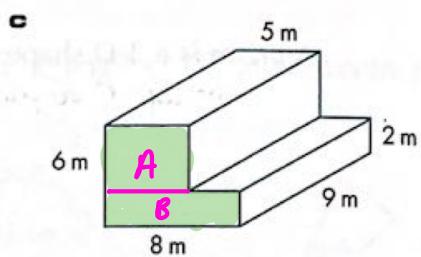


Length 3 cm

$$\text{Cross-section } \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 7 = 21 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\text{Volume} = 21 \times 3 = 63 \text{ cm}^3$$


---



Length 9 m

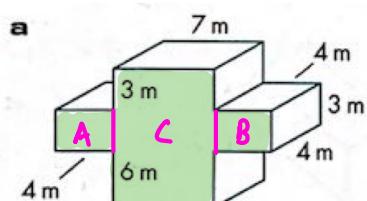
$$A = 4 \times 5 = 20 \text{ m}^2$$

$$B = 8 \times 2 = \frac{16}{36 \text{ m}^2} +$$

Cross-section

$$\text{Volume} = 36 \times 9 = 324 \text{ m}^3$$


---



Length 4 m

$$A = 4 \times 3 = 12 \text{ m}^2$$

$$B = 4 \times 3 = 12 \text{ m}^2$$

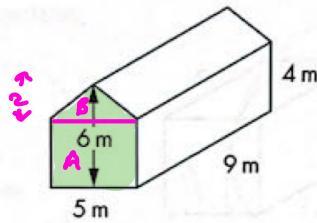
$$C = 12 \times 7 = 84 \text{ m}^2 +$$

Cross-section  $\overline{108 \text{ m}^2}$

$$\text{Volume} = 108 \times 4 = 432 \text{ m}^3$$

---

b



Length = 9 m

$$A = 5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ m}^2$$

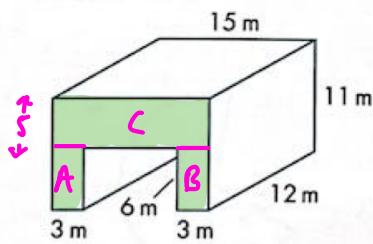
$$B = \frac{1}{2} \times 5 \times 2 = \underline{5 \text{ m}^2}$$

$$\text{Cross-section} = \underline{25 \text{ m}^2}$$

$$\text{Volume} = 25 \times 9 = 225 \text{ m}^3$$

---

c



Length = 12 m

$$A = 6 \times 3 = 18 \text{ m}^2$$

$$B = 6 \times 3 = 18 \text{ m}^2$$

$$C = 15 \times 5 = 75 \text{ m}^2 +$$

$$\text{Cross-section} = \underline{111 \text{ m}^2}$$

$$\text{Volume} = 111 \times 12 = 1332 \text{ m}^3$$

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Homework in Small Books

Q3, Q4, Q5

from exercise above

Draw diagrams for each question.