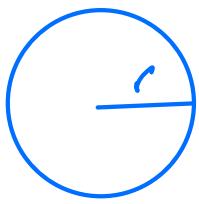


Spheres



$$\text{Volume} = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$\text{Surface Area} = 4\pi r^2$$

Ex1



Find volume and surface area of sphere radius 8cm

$$\text{Vol} = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 = \frac{4}{3}\pi \times 8^3 = 2145 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$\text{Surface Area} = 4\pi r^2 = 4 \times \pi \times 8^2 = 804 \text{ cm}^2$$

Ex2

A sphere has volume 600 cm^3 find its surface area

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$3V = 4\pi r^3$$

$$\frac{3V}{4\pi} = r^3$$

$$\sqrt[3]{\frac{3V}{4\pi}} = r$$

$$r = \sqrt[3]{\frac{3 \times 600}{4\pi}}$$

$$r = 5.232$$

$$\text{Surface Area} = 4\pi r^2$$

$$= 4\pi \times 5.232^2$$

$$= 344 \text{ cm}^2$$

Ex3 A quarter of a sphere of radius 10cm
Find volume and total surface area



$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Vol} &= \frac{\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3}{4} = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^3 \\
 &= \frac{1}{3}\pi \times 10^3 \\
 &= 1047 \text{ cm}^3
 \end{aligned}$$

Total surface area

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{1}{4} \text{ surface area of sphere} + 2 \text{ semi-circles radius } 10 \text{ cm} \\
 &= \frac{4\pi r^2}{4} + 2 \times \frac{\pi r^2}{2} = 2\pi r^2 \\
 &= 2\pi \times 10^2 \\
 &= 628 \text{ cm}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

EXERCISE 4H

A



- 1 Calculate the volume of each of these spheres. Give your answers in terms of π .

a Radius 3 cm

b Radius 6 cm

c Diameter 20 cm



- 2 Calculate the surface area of each of these spheres. Give your answers in terms of π .

a Radius 3 cm

b Radius 5 cm

c Diameter 14 cm



- 3 Calculate the volume and the surface area of a sphere with a diameter of 50 cm.



- 4 A sphere fits exactly into an open cubical box of side 25 cm. Calculate the following.

a the surface area of the sphere

b the volume of the sphere



- 5 A metal sphere of radius 15 cm is melted down and recast into a solid cylinder of radius 6 cm. Calculate the height of the cylinder.



- 6 Lead has a density of 11.35 g/cm³. Calculate the maximum number of shot (spherical lead pellets) of radius 1.5 mm which can be made from 1 kg of lead.



- 7 Calculate, correct to one decimal place, the radius of a sphere

a whose surface area is 150 cm²

b whose volume is 150 cm³.

$$1. \text{ a) } V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 = \frac{4}{3}\pi \times 3^3 = 36\pi \text{ cm}^3$$

$$\text{b) } V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 = \frac{4}{3}\pi \times 6^3 = 288\pi \text{ cm}^3$$

$\frac{36}{48}$
 $\underline{288}$

$$\text{c) } V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 = \frac{4}{3}\pi \times 10^3 = \frac{4000\pi}{3} \text{ cm}^3$$

$$2. \text{ a) } S.A. = 4\pi r^2 = 4\pi \times 3^2 = 36\pi \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\text{b) } S.A. = 4\pi r^2 = 4\pi \times 5^2 = 100\pi \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\text{c) } S.A. = 4\pi r^2 = 4\pi \times 7^2 = 196\pi \text{ cm}^2$$

$$3. \text{ Diameter } 50\text{cm} \Rightarrow r = 25\text{cm}$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$S.A. = 4\pi r^2$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi \times 25^3$$

$$= 4\pi \times 25^2$$

$$V = 65450 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$= 7854 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$4. \text{ F.ts into cube side } 25\text{cm so } r = 12.5\text{cm}$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$S.A. = 4\pi r^2$$

$$= \frac{4}{3}\pi \times 12.5^3$$

$$= 4\pi \times 12.5^2$$

$$= 8181 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$= 1963 \text{ cm}^2$$

5. -
-  A metal sphere of radius 15 cm is melted down and recast into a solid cylinder of radius 6 cm. Calculate the height of the cylinder.

Find Volume of metal

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 = \frac{4}{3}\pi \times 15^3 = 4500\pi \text{ cm}^3$$

Cylinder

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

$$\frac{V}{\pi r^2} = h \quad h = \frac{4500\pi}{\cancel{\pi} \times 6^2}$$

$$h = \frac{4500}{36}$$

$$\underline{h = 125 \text{ cm}}$$

-  Lead has a density of 11.35 g/cm³. Calculate the maximum number of shot (spherical lead pellets) of radius 1.5 mm which can be made from 1 kg of lead.

$$\text{radius} = 0.15 \text{ cm}$$

Mass of pellet = Density × Volume

$$= 11.35 \times \frac{4}{3}\pi \times 0.15^3 \text{ g}$$

$$= 0.1604568448 \text{ g}$$

$$\text{Number made} = \frac{1000}{0.1604568448} = 6232.20531$$

so 6232 pellets can be made.



Calculate, correct to one decimal place, the radius of a sphere

a) whose surface area is 150 cm^2

b) whose volume is 150 cm^3 .

a) $S.A = 150 \text{ cm}^2$

$$4\pi r^2 = 150$$

$$r^2 = \frac{150}{4\pi}$$

$$r = \sqrt{\frac{150}{4\pi}}$$

$$r = 3.454$$

$$r = 3.5 \text{ cm to 1 d.p.}$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$3V = 4\pi r^3$$

$$\frac{3V}{4\pi} = r^3$$

$$\sqrt[3]{\frac{3V}{4\pi}} = r$$

$$\sqrt[3]{\frac{3 \times 150}{4\pi}} = r$$

$$r = 3.30 \text{ cm}$$

$$r = 3.3 \text{ cm to 1 d.p.}$$

11

Frustums

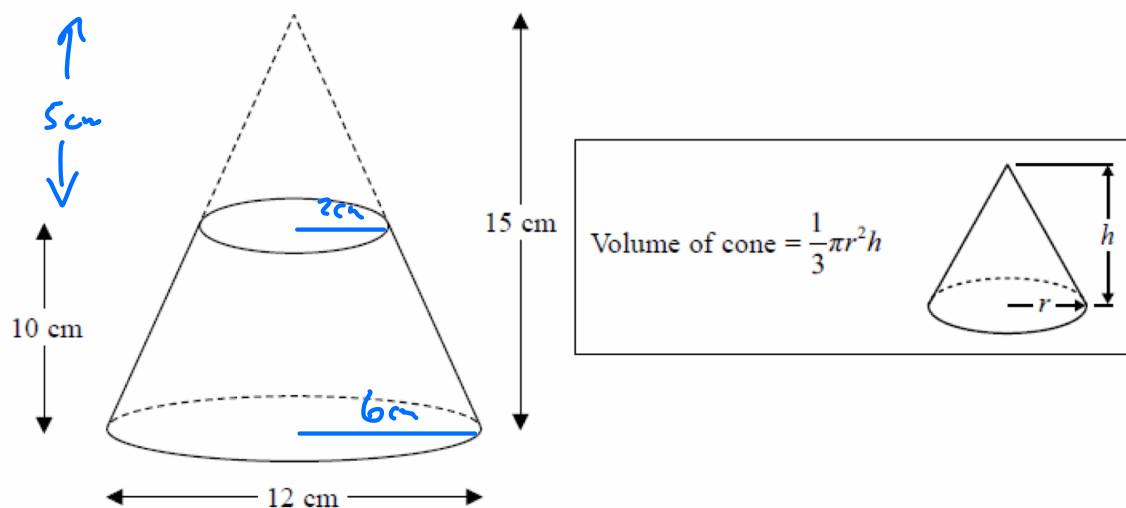
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Q4.

A frustum is made by removing a small cone from a large cone as shown in the diagram.



The frustum is made from glass.

The glass has a density of 2.5 g / cm³

Work out the mass of the frustum.

Give your answer to an appropriate degree of accuracy.



..... g

^
3
/
13
v

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Vol large cone} &= \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h \\ &= \frac{1}{3}\pi \times 6^2 \times 15 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Vol small cone} = \frac{1}{3}\pi \times 2^2 \times 5$$

$$\text{Vol of frustum} = \frac{1}{3}\pi (36 \times 5 - 4 \times 5)$$

$$= \frac{520\pi}{3}$$

$$\text{Mass} = \frac{520\pi}{3} \times 2.5 = 1361.36 \text{ g}$$

= 1360 g
