

Questions

Q1.

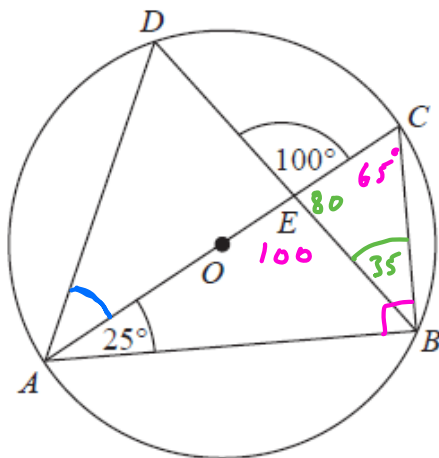


Diagram NOT
accurately drawn

$$\angle AEB = 100^\circ \text{ (vert opp } \angle\text{s)}$$

$$\angle ABC = 90^\circ \text{ (}\angle \text{ in semi-circle)}$$

$$\angle ACB = 65^\circ \text{ (}\angle \text{ sum of } \triangle\text{)}$$

$$\angle BEC = 80^\circ \text{ (}\angle\text{s on a str line)}$$

$$\angle EBC = 35^\circ \text{ (}\angle \text{ sum of } \triangle\text{)}$$

$$\angle DAC = 35^\circ$$

$$\text{(}\angle\text{s in same segment)}$$

A, B, C and D are points on the circumference of a circle, centre O.

AC is a diameter of the circle.

AC and BD intersect at E.

Angle $CAB = 25^\circ$

Angle $DEC = 100^\circ$

Work out the size of angle DAC.

You must show all your working.

(Total for question = 4 marks)

Q2.

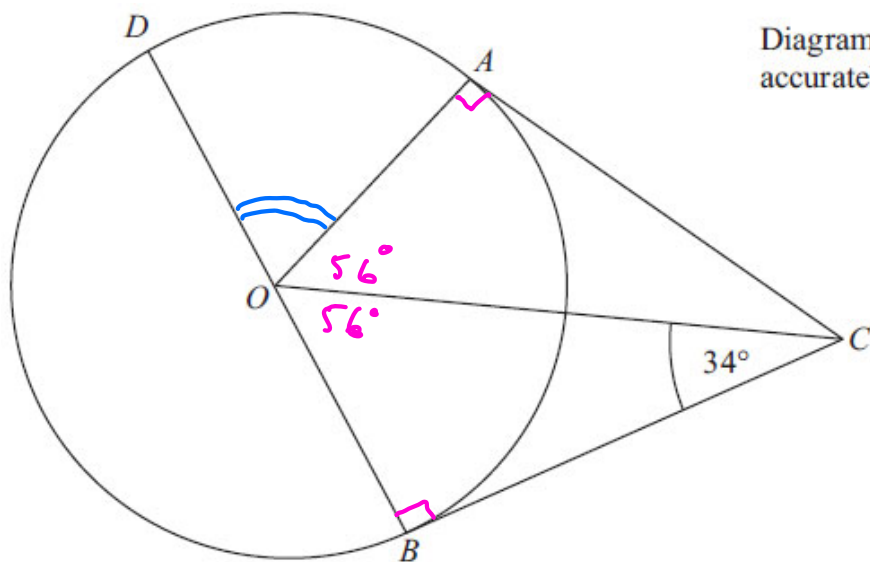


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

$$\begin{aligned}\angle OBC &= \angle OAC = 90^\circ \\ &\text{(radius - tangent)} \\ \angle BOC &= 56^\circ \\ &\text{(}\angle \text{sum of } \Delta) \\ \angle OAC &= 56^\circ \\ &\text{(symmetry) (congruent } \Delta s)\end{aligned}$$

A, B and D are points on the circumference of a circle, centre O.
BD is a diameter of the circle.
BC and AC are tangents to the circle.
Angle OCB = 34° .

$$\begin{aligned}\angle DOA &= 68^\circ \\ &\text{(}\angle s \text{ on a str line)}\end{aligned}$$

Work out the size of angle DOA.

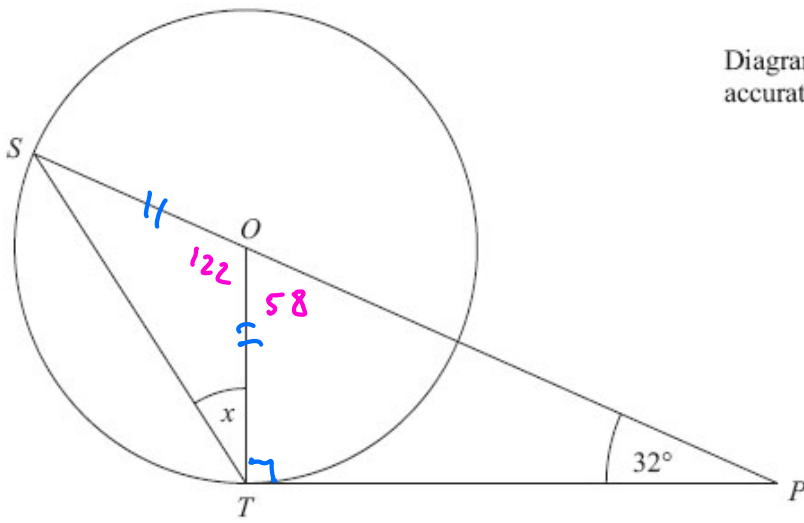
.....°

(Total for Question is 3 marks)

Q3.

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Diagram NOT
accurately drawn



$$\angle OPT = 90^\circ \text{ (tgt + radius)}$$

$$\angle TOP = 58^\circ \text{ (angle sum of } \triangle OPT)$$

$$\angle SOT = 122^\circ \text{ (angles on str line)}$$

$$x = \frac{180 - 122}{2} \quad \text{isos } \triangle$$

$$x = 29^\circ$$

S and T are points on the circumference of a circle, centre O.
PT is a tangent to the circle.
SOP is a straight line.

Angle OPT = 32°

Work out the size of the angle marked x.
Give reasons for your answer.

.....°

(Total for Question is 5 marks)

Q4.

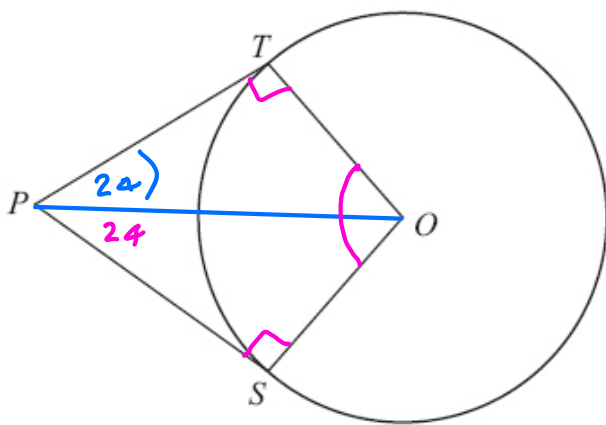


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

$$\angle PTO = \angle PSO = 90^\circ$$

(tgt - radius)

$$\angle SPO = 24^\circ \quad \text{symmetry} \\ \text{(or congruent } \Delta s)$$

$$\therefore \angle SOT = 360 - 90 - 90 - 48$$

S and T are points on the circumference of a circle, centre O.

PT and PS are tangents.

Angle TPO = 24° .

Work out the size of angle SOT.

$$\angle SOT = 132^\circ$$

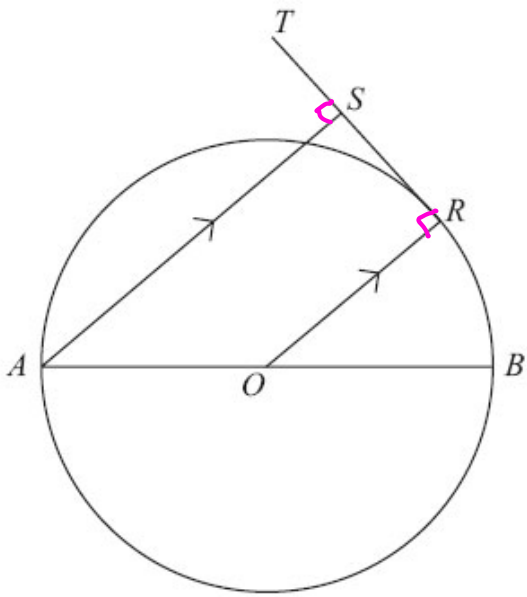
.....°

(Total for Question is 3 marks)

Q5.

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Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn



$$\angle ORS = 90^\circ$$

(\perp - radius)

$$\angle AST = 90^\circ$$

(corresponding angles)

AB is a diameter of a circle centre O .
The point R is on the circumference of the circle.
 RS is the tangent to the circle at R .
 AS is parallel to OR .

Prove that the size of angle AST is 90° .

(Total for Question is 3 marks)

Q6.

$\angle ADO = \angle ABO = 90^\circ$
 (tgt - radius)
 $\angle DOB$ (minor) = 140°
 (\angle sum of quad)
 $\angle DOB$ (major) = 220°
 $\angle OBC = 15^\circ$
 (\angle on a str line)

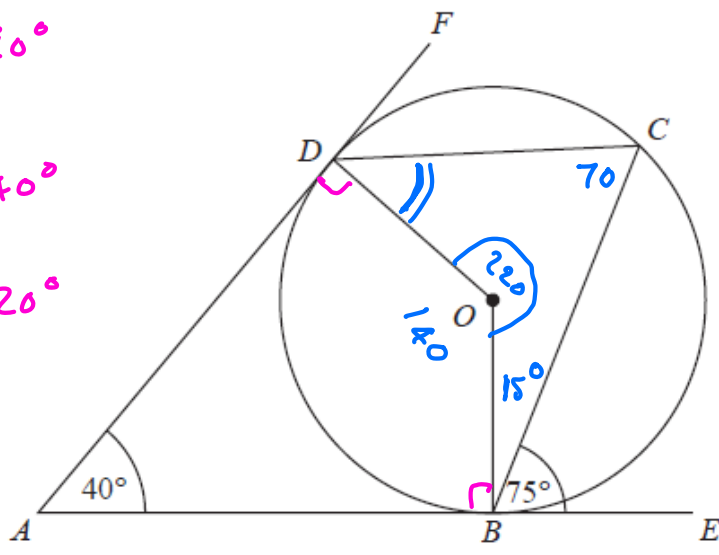


Diagram NOT accurately drawn
 $\angle DCB = 70^\circ$
 (\angle at centre is twice \angle at circ)

B, C and D are points on the circumference of a circle, centre O.
 ABE and ADF are tangents to the circle.

Angle DAB = 40°
 Angle CBE = 75°

Work out the size of angle ODC.

$\angle OBC = 360 - 220 - 15 - 70$
 $\angle OBC = 55^\circ$
 (\angle sum of quad)

(Total for Question is 3 marks)

Q7.

$\angle ADO = 90^\circ$
 (tgt - radius)
 $\angle AOD = 50^\circ$
 (\angle sum of Δ)

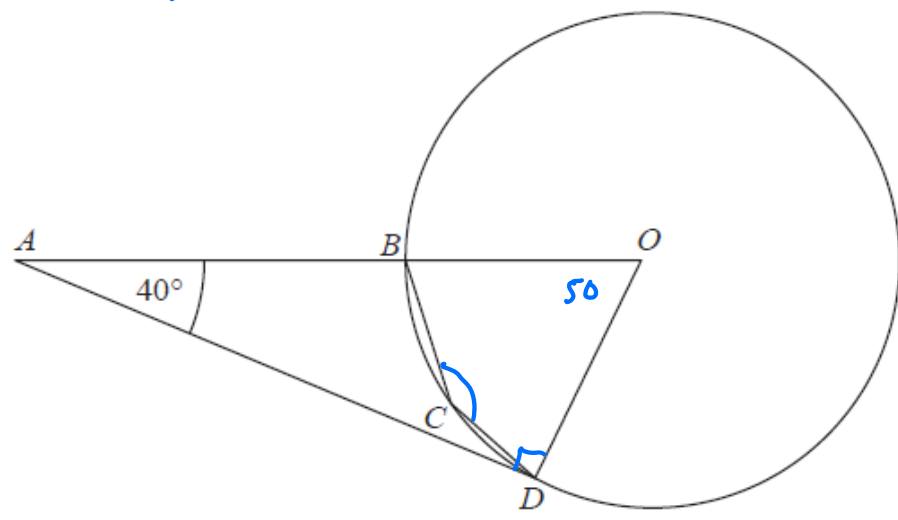


Diagram NOT accurately drawn

$\angle BOD$ major = 310
 $\angle BCD = 155^\circ$
 (\angle at centre twice \angle at circ)

*B, C and D are points on the circumference of a circle, centre O.

ABO is a straight line.
 AD is the tangent at D to the circle.
 Angle $DAO = 40^\circ$

Work out the size of angle BCD .
 Give a reason for each stage of your working.

(Total for question = 5 marks)

Q8.

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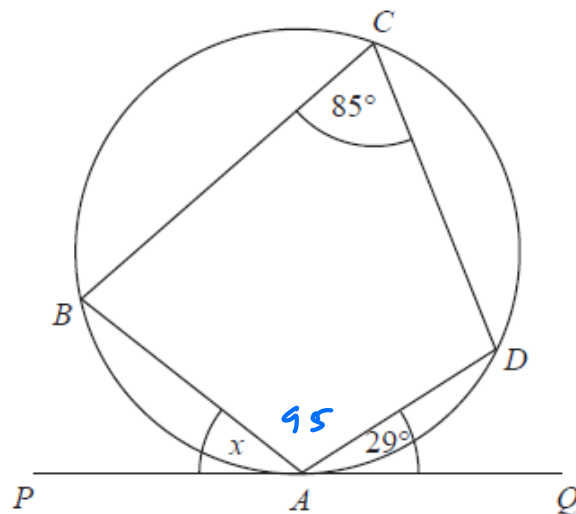


Diagram NOT
accurately drawn

$$\angle BAC = 95^\circ$$

(opp \angle s of cyclic quad)
add to 180°

$$x = 180 - 95 - 29$$

$$x = 56^\circ$$

(\angle s on a str line)

In the diagram,

the points A , B , C and D are on the circumference of a circle
 the line PAQ is a tangent to the circle
 angle $DAQ = 29^\circ$
 angle $BCD = 85^\circ$

Work out the size of the angle marked x .
 Give a reason for each stage of your working.

(Total for question = 3 marks)

Q9.

OR

$$\angle AOC = 134^\circ$$

(\angle at centre twice \angle at circle)

$$x = 360 - 134 = 226^\circ$$

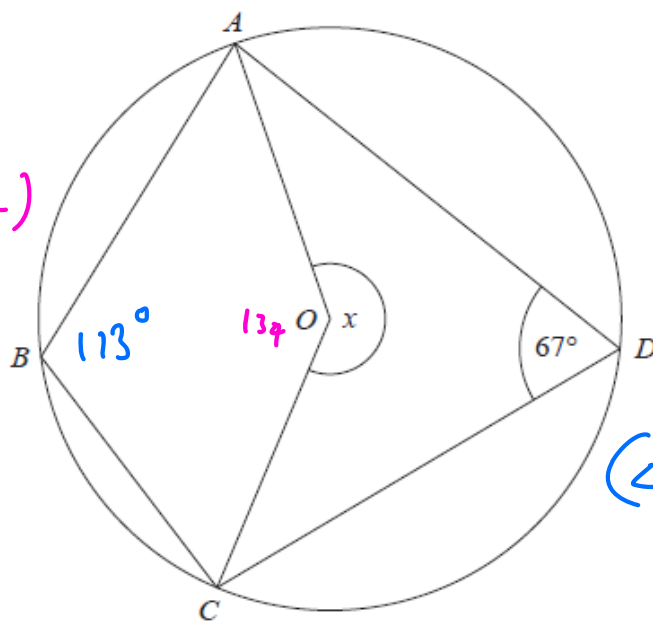


Diagram NOT accurately drawn

$$\angle ABC = 113^\circ$$

(opp \angle s of cyclic quad)

$$x = 226^\circ$$

(\angle at centre twice \angle at circle)

A, B, C and D are points on the circumference of a circle, centre O.

Angle ADC = 67°

Find the size of the angle marked x.

.....°

(Total for question = 2 marks)

$$\angle ADO = \angle ABO = 90^\circ$$

(tgts - radius)

$$\angle DOB = 130^\circ$$

(\angle sum of quad)

Q10.

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$$\angle BCD = 65^\circ$$

(\angle at centre is twice \angle at circle)

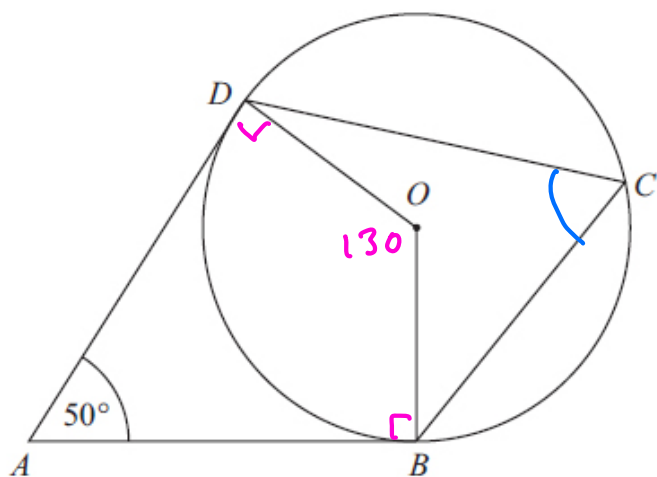


Diagram NOT accurately drawn

B, C and D are points on the circumference of a circle, centre O.

AB and AD are tangents to the circle.

Angle $DAB = 50^\circ$

Work out the size of angle BCD .

Give a reason for each stage in your working.

(Total for Question is 4 marks)

Q11.

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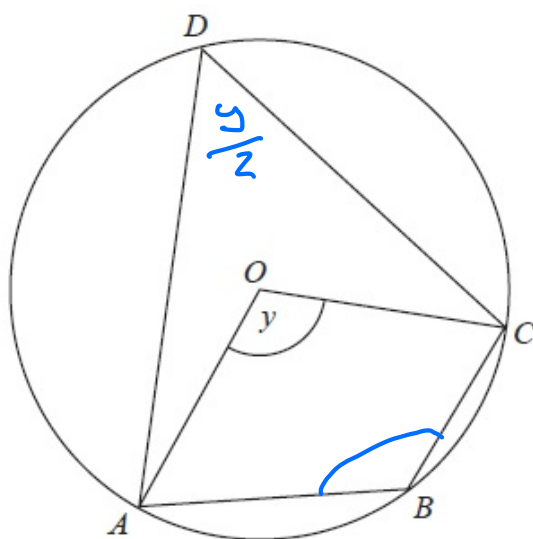


Diagram NOT
accurately drawn

$$\angle ADC = \frac{y}{2}$$

(\angle at centre twice
 \angle at circ)

$$\angle ABC = 180 - \frac{y}{2}$$

(opp \angle s of cyclic quad)

A, B, C and D are points on the circumference of a circle, centre O.

Angle $AOC = y$.

Find the size of angle ABC in terms of y .

Give a reason for each stage of your working.

(Total for Question is 4 marks)

Q12.

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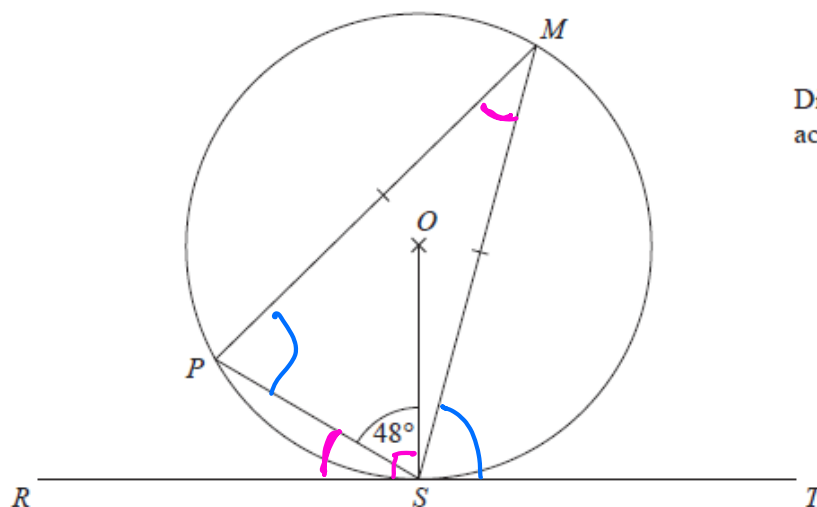


Diagram NOT
accurately drawn

$$\angle PSR = 42^\circ$$

(tgt radius)

$$\angle PMS = 42^\circ$$

(alt seg theorem)

$$\angle SPM = \frac{180 - 42}{2}$$

$$\angle SPM = 69^\circ$$

P , M and S are points on a circle, centre O .
 RST is a tangent to the circle.

Angle $PSO = 48^\circ$

$MP = MS$

Work out the size of angle MST .

Give reasons for each stage of your working.

$$\angle MST = 69^\circ$$

(alternate seg theorem)

(Total for question = 5 marks)

Q13.

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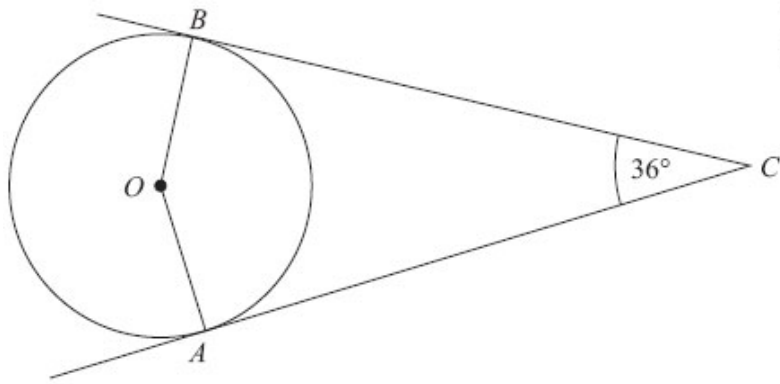


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

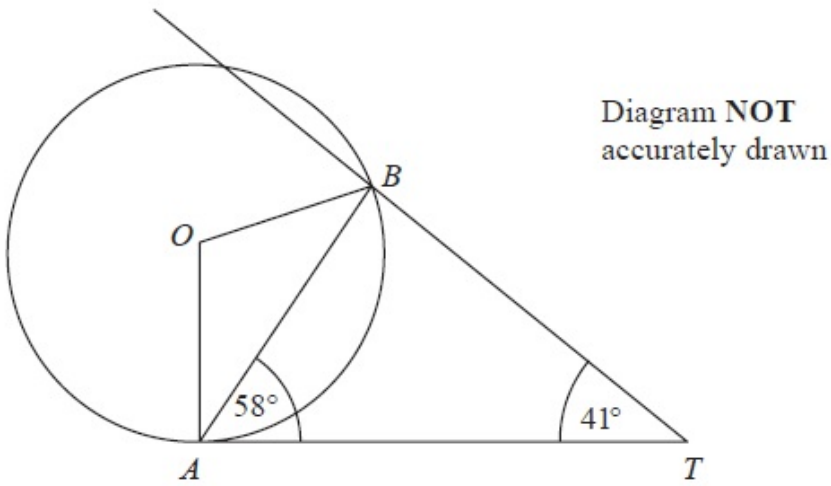
A and B are points on the circumference of a circle, centre O .
 AC and BC are tangents to the circle.

Angle $ACB = 36^\circ$.

Find the size of angle OBA .
Give reasons for your answer.

(Total for Question is 4 marks)

Q14.



A and B are points on the circumference of a circle, centre O .

AT is a tangent to the circle.

Angle $TAB = 58^\circ$.

Angle $BTA = 41^\circ$.

Calculate the size of angle OBT .

You must give reasons at each stage of your working.

(Total for Question is 5 marks)

Q15.

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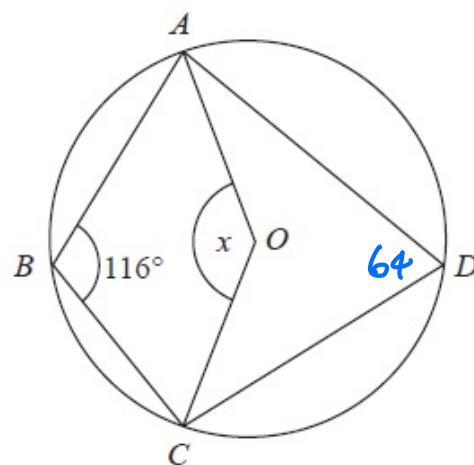


Diagram NOT
accurately drawn

$\angle ADC = 64^\circ$
(opp as at cyclic quad)
 $x = 128^\circ$
(\angle at centre twice
 \angle at circ)

A , B , C and D are points on the circumference of a circle with centre O .

Angle $ABC = 116^\circ$

Find the size of the angle marked x .

Give reasons for your answer.

(Total for Question is 4 marks)