

## Expand and Simplify

$$1) \quad 3(2x - 5) = 6x - 15$$

$$2) \quad -4(3p - q) = -12p + 4q$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3) \quad & 5(2p + 3q) - 2(p + 4q) \\ &= 10p + 15q - 2p - 8q \\ &= 8p + 7q \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4) \quad & x(7x - 5) + 2x(x + 4) \\ &= 7x^2 - 5x + 2x^2 + 8x \\ &= 9x^2 + 3x \end{aligned}$$

### Exercise C

Expand and simplify

$$1) \quad 3(x+2) + 5(x+3)$$

$$2) \quad 4(p+2q) + 3(p+q)$$

$$3) \quad 3(x+2y) + 2(2x-y)$$

$$4) \quad 2(h+k) - 3(h-k)$$

$$5) \quad 5(x+6) - 2(x+4)$$

### Exercise C

1) $3(x+2) + 5(x+3)$ $= 3x + 6 + 5x + 15$ $= 8x + 21$	3) $3(x+2y) + 2(2x-y)$ $= 3x + 6y + 4x - 2y$ $= 7x + 4y$	5) $5(x+6) - 2(x+4)$ $= 5x + 30 - 2x - 8$ $= 3x + 22$
2) $4(p+2q) + 3(p+q)$ $= 4p + 8q + 3p + 3q$ $= 7p + 11q$	4) $2(h+k) - 3(h-k)$ $= 2h + 2k - 3h + 3k$ $= -h + 5k$	

### Multiplying Brackets

1)  $(x+7)(x+3)$   
 $= x^2 + 7x + 3x + 21$   
 $= x^2 + 10x + 21$

2)  $(2x-3)(5x+1)$   
 $= 10x^2 - 15x + 2x - 3$   
 $= 10x^2 - 13x - 3$

3)  $(a+b)(c+d)$   
 $= ac + bc + ad + bd$

### Exercise

1)  $(y+4)(y+3)$

$$= y^2 + 4y + 3y + 12 = y^2 + 7y + 12$$

2)  $(2x+3)(3x+2)$

$$= 6x^2 + 9x + 4x + 6 = 6x^2 + 13x + 6$$

3)  $(h+5)(k-2)$

$$= hk + 5k - 2h - 10$$

## Trinomials

1)  $(x+1)(x+2)(x+3)$

$$\begin{aligned} &= [x^2 + x + 2x + 2](x+3) \\ &= [x^2 + 3x + 2](x+3) \\ &= \frac{x^3 + 3x^2 + 2x}{+ 3x^2 + 9x + 6} \\ &= x^3 + 6x^2 + 11x + 6 \end{aligned}$$

2)  $(2x-3)(x+1)(x-2)$

$$\begin{aligned} &= [2x^2 - 3x + 2x - 3](x-2) \\ &= [2x^2 - x - 3](x-2) \\ &= 2x^3 - x^2 - 3x \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 -4x^2 + 2x + 6 \\
 \hline
 2x^3 - 5x^2 - x + 6
 \end{array}$$

### Exercise

1)  $(x+2)(x+3)(x+4)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= [x^2 + 2x + 3x + 6](x+4) \\
 &= [x^2 + 5x + 6](x+4) \\
 &= x^3 + 5x^2 + 6x \\
 &\quad + 4x^2 + 20x + 24 \\
 &= \underline{x^3 + 9x^2 + 26x + 24}
 \end{aligned}$$

2)  $(2x+3)(x+4)(2x+1)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= [2x^2 + 3x + 8x + 12](2x+1) \\
 &= [2x^2 + 11x + 12](2x+1) \\
 &= 4x^3 + 22x^2 + 24x \\
 &\quad + 2x^2 + 11x + 12 \\
 &= \underline{4x^3 + 24x^2 + 35x + 12}
 \end{aligned}$$

3)  $(x-1)(x+2)(x-3)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= [x^2 - x + 2x - 2](x-3) \\
 &= [x^2 + x - 2](x-3)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= x^3 + x^2 - 2x \\
 &\quad - 3x^2 - 3x + 6 \\
 \hline
 &= x^3 - 2x^2 - 5x + 6
 \end{aligned}$$


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## Exchange Rates

Normally expressed in form  $1:n$

e.g. £1 : 1.24 €

If you have the currency with the '' $:$ '' then multiply by ' $n$ ' to convert to the other currency.

If you have the currency with the ' $n$ ' then divide by the ' $n$ ' to convert to the other currency.

Example Convert £24 into Euros

$$£24 \times 1.24 = £29.76$$

Convert 56 € into Pounds

$$\frac{56 \text{ €}}{1.24} = £45.16$$