

## HCFs and LCMs

$$\text{Let } A = 2^3 \times 3^2 \times 5 \times 7^2$$

$$B = 2^4 \times 3^2 \times 5^2 \times 7$$

$$C = 2^3 \times 3^3 \times 5 \times 7^3$$

$$\text{HCF of } A, B, C = 2^3 \times 3^2 \times 5 \times 7$$

$$\text{LCM of } A, B, C = 2^4 \times 3^3 \times 5^2 \times 7^3$$

10 Here are three lamps.

lamp A



lamp B



lamp C



Lamp A flashes every 20 seconds.

Lamp B flashes every 45 seconds.

Lamp C flashes every 120 seconds.

The three lamps start flashing at the same time.

How many times in one hour will the three lamps flash at the same time?

|   |   |     |     |     |     |       |     |     |     |     |       |     |
|---|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|
| A | 0 | 20  | 40  | 60  | 80  | 100   | 120 | 140 | 160 | 180 | ..... | 360 |
| B | 0 | 45  | 90  | 135 | 180 | ..... | 360 |     |     |     |       |     |
| C | 0 | 120 | 240 | 360 |     |       |     |     |     |     |       |     |

LCM = 360 seconds

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{OR} \quad 2 \overline{)20} \\ 2 \overline{)10} \\ 5 \overline{)5} \\ 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \overline{)45} \\ 3 \overline{)15} \\ 5 \overline{)5} \\ 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{)120} \\ 2 \overline{)60} \\ 2 \overline{)30} \\ 3 \overline{)15} \\ 5 \overline{)5} \\ 1 \end{array}$$

$$20 = 2 \times 2 \times 5$$

$$45 = 3 \times 3 \times 5$$

$$120 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5$$

$$\text{LCM} = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 3 = 360 \text{ seconds}$$

$$60 \times 60 = 3600 \text{ seconds in } 1 \text{ hr.}$$

$$\frac{3600}{360} = 10 \text{ times flash together}$$

11 if you count the starting flash

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## Density

A block of wood  $1.2\text{m} \times 75\text{cm} \times 8\text{cm}$   
has a mass of  $6\text{kg}$

A block of plastic  $3.2\text{m} \times 7\text{m} \times 4.1\text{m}$   
has a mass of  $250\text{kg}$ .

Which has greatest density?

Work in  $\text{kg}/\text{m}^3$

Wood      Vol     $1.2 \times 0.75 \times 0.08 = 0.072 \text{ m}^3$

$$\text{Density} = \frac{\text{Mass}}{\text{Vol}} = \frac{6}{0.072} = 83.3 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

Plastic    Vol     $3.2 \times 7 \times 4.1 = 91.84 \text{ m}^3$

$$\text{Density} = \frac{\text{Mass}}{\text{Vol}} = \frac{250}{91.84} = 2.72 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$\therefore$  Wood is more dense since  $83.3 > 2.72$

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