

## Figure 1

Figure 1 shows a sketch of the curve with equation y = f(x). The curve crosses the *x*-axis at the points (1, 0) and (4, 0). The maximum point on the curve is (2, 5). In separate diagrams sketch the curves with the following equations. On each diagram show clearly the coordinates of the maximum point and of each point at which the curve crosses the *x*-axis.

(a) 
$$y = 2f(x)$$
, (3)

(b) 
$$y = f(-x)$$
.

6.

(3)

Leave blank

The maximum point on the curve with equation y = f(x + a) is on the y-axis.

(c) Write down the value of the constant *a*.

(1)



(2,-1)

Leave blank

(3)

## Figure 1

Figure 1 shows a sketch of the curve *C* with equation y = f(x). There is a maximum at (0, 0), a minimum at (2, -1) and *C* passes through (3, 0).

On separate diagrams sketch the curve with equation

(a) 
$$y = f(x + 3)$$
, (3)

(b) 
$$y = f(-x)$$
.

5.

On each diagram show clearly the coordinates of the maximum point, the minimum point and any points of intersection with the *x*-axis.





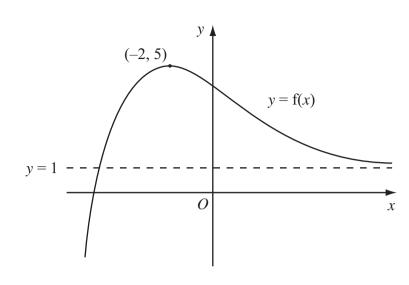




Figure 1 shows a sketch of part of the curve with equation y = f(x).

The curve has a maximum point (-2, 5) and an asymptote y = 1, as shown in Figure 1.

On separate diagrams, sketch the curve with equation

(a) y = f(x) + 2 (2)

(b) 
$$y = 41(x)$$
 (2)

(c) 
$$y = f(x+1)$$
 (3)

On each diagram, show clearly the coordinates of the maximum point and the equation of the asymptote.



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8.



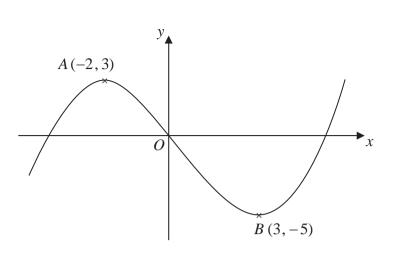




Figure 1 shows a sketch of the curve with equation y = f(x). The curve has a maximum point *A* at (-2, 3) and a minimum point *B* at (3, -5).

On separate diagrams sketch the curve with equation

(a) 
$$y = f(x+3)$$
  
(b)  $y = 2f(x)$ 

On each diagram show clearly the coordinates of the maximum and minimum points.

The graph of y = f(x) + a has a minimum at (3, 0), where *a* is a constant.

(c) Write down the value of *a*.

(1)

(3)

Leave blank



Leave blank

(2)

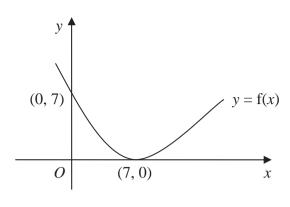




Figure 1 shows a sketch of the curve with equation y = f(x). The curve passes through the point (0, 7) and has a minimum point at (7, 0).

On separate diagrams, sketch the curve with equation

(a) 
$$y = f(x) + 3$$
, (3)

(b) y = f(2x).

3.

On each diagram, show clearly the coordinates of the minimum point and the coordinates of the point at which the curve crosses the *y*-axis.

