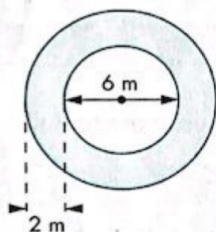


Circle continued

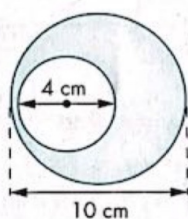


Calculate the area of the shaded part of each of these diagrams, giving your answers in terms of π .

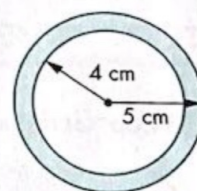
a



b



c



12

Assume that the human waist is circular.

a What are the distances around the waists of the following people?

Sue: waist radius of 10 cm

Dave: waist radius of 12 cm

Julie: waist radius of 11 cm

Brian: waist radius of 13 cm

b Compare differences between pairs of waist circumferences. What connection do they have to π ?

c What would be the difference in length between a rope stretched tightly round the Earth and another rope always held 1 m above it?

11 a)

Radius large circle = $3 + 2 = 5$ m

Radius small circle = 3 m

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area of annulus} &= \pi \times 5^2 - \pi \times 3^2 \\ &= 25\pi - 9\pi \\ &= 16\pi \text{ m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

11 b)

Small circle radius 2 cm

large circle radius 5 cm

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Shaded area} &= \pi \times 5^2 - \pi \times 2^2 \\ &= 25\pi - 4\pi \\ &= 21\pi \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

11 c)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Shaded area} &= \pi \times 5^2 - \pi \times 4^2 \\ &= 25\pi - 16\pi \\ &= 9\pi \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$



12 Assume that the human waist is circular.

a What are the distances around the waists of the following people?

Sue: waist radius of 10 cm

Dave: waist radius of 12 cm

Julie: waist radius of 11 cm

Brian: waist radius of 13 cm

b Compare differences between pairs of waist circumferences. What connection do they have to π ?

c What would be the difference in length between a rope stretched tightly round the Earth and another rope always held 1 m above it?

a)

Sue	$2\pi r = 2 \times \pi \times 10 = 62.8 \text{ cm}$
Dave	$2 \times \pi \times 12 = 75.4 \text{ cm}$
Julie	$2 \times \pi \times 11 = 69.1 \text{ cm}$
Brian	$2 \times \pi \times 13 = 81.7 \text{ cm}$

b) 2π cm difference for each 1 cm increase

c) If radius of Earth = R

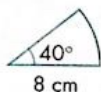
$$\begin{aligned}\text{Difference} &= 2\pi(R+1) - 2\pi R \\ &= 2\pi R + 2\pi - 2\pi R \\ &= 2\pi \text{ m}\end{aligned}$$

EXERCISE 4C

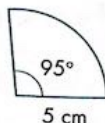


- 1 For each of these sectors, calculate **i** the arc length **ii** the sector area

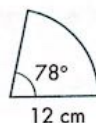
a



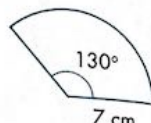
b



c



d

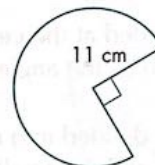


- 2 Calculate the arc length and the area of a sector whose arc subtends an angle of 60° at the centre of a circle with a diameter of 12 cm. Give your answer in terms of π .

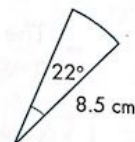


- 3 Calculate the total perimeter of each of these sectors.

a

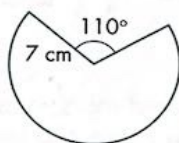


b

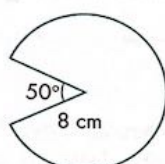


- 4 Calculate the area of each of these sectors.

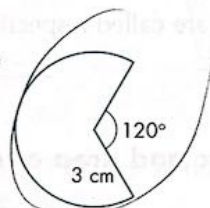
a



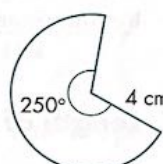
b



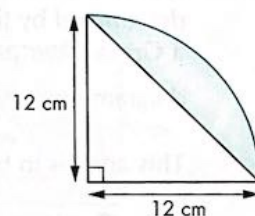
c



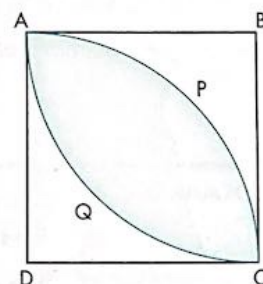
d



- 5 Calculate the area of the shaded shape giving your answer in terms of π .



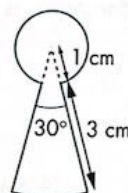
- 6 ABCD is a square of side length 8 cm. APC and AQC are arcs of the circles with centres D and B. Calculate the area of the shaded part.



- 7 A pendulum of length 72 cm swings through an angle of 15° . Through what distance does the bob swing? Give your answer in terms of π .



- 8 Find **i** the perimeter and **ii** the area of this shape.



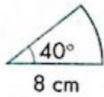


For each of these sectors, calculate

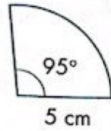
i the arc length

ii the sector area

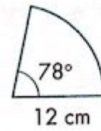
a



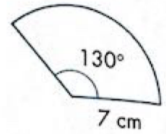
b



c



d



$$a \text{ i) } \text{Arc} = 2\pi r \times \frac{40}{360} = 2\pi \times 8 \times \frac{40}{360} = 5.59 \text{ cm}$$

$$ii) \text{Area} = \pi r^2 \times \frac{40}{360} = \pi \times 8^2 \times \frac{40}{360} = 22.3 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$b \text{ i) } \text{Arc} = 2\pi r \times \frac{95}{360} = 2\pi \times 5 \times \frac{95}{360} = 8.29 \text{ cm}$$

$$ii) \text{Area} = \pi r^2 \times \frac{95}{360} = \pi \times 5^2 \times \frac{95}{360} = 20.7 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$c \text{ i) } \text{Arc} = 2\pi r \times \frac{78}{360} = 2\pi \times 12 \times \frac{78}{360} = 16.3 \text{ cm}$$

$$ii) \text{Area} = \pi r^2 \times \frac{78}{360} = \pi \times 12^2 \times \frac{78}{360} = 98.0 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$d \text{ i) } \text{Arc} = 2\pi r \times \frac{130}{360} = 2\pi \times 7 \times \frac{130}{360} = 15.9 \text{ cm}$$

$$ii) \text{Area} = \pi r^2 \times \frac{130}{360} = \pi \times 7^2 \times \frac{130}{360} = 55.6 \text{ cm}^2$$
