## Similar Figures

A has volume 439 cm³, B has volume 750 cm³

i A length in A is 15 cm, find corresponding length in B

ii An area on B is 95 cm², find corresponding area on A.

Vol 439: 750  $1 : \frac{750}{439}$ Length  $1 : \sqrt[3]{\frac{750}{439}}$  1.1955
Aven  $1 : 1.1955^2$  1.4291

i) Length in B = 15 × 1.1955 = 17.93 cm

ii) Area in A = 95  $\div$  1.4291 = 66.48 cm<sup>2</sup>

Exercise C and D similar

Surface Areas C = 394 cm² D = 116 cm²

A length on  $C = 23 \, \text{cm}$ , find corresponding length on SA volume on  $S = S \, \text{cocm}$ , find corresponding volume on C

Area 394: 116

$$\frac{394}{116}$$
: 1

Lenth  $\sqrt{\frac{394}{116}}$ : 1

1.84297: 1

Vol 1.84297: 1

Length C=23cn D=23÷1.84297
= 12.48cm

Vol D=500cn<sup>3</sup> C=500×6.25976
= 3130cn<sup>3</sup>

	Sin	Cos	tan
<b>°</b>	0	1	0
30°	12	53	1/3
45°	1/2	1/2	1
60°	13	1 2	53
90°	1	O	0



## Compound Interest

John invests £630 for 5 years after which he has £883.61p.

What was the annul rate of interest?

$$630 \times M^{5} = 883.61$$

$$M^{5} = \frac{883.61}{630}$$

$$M = 5/\frac{883.61}{630} = \left(\frac{883.61}{630}\right)^{\frac{1}{5}}$$

Interest 7% per annum

## Exercise

If £500 doubles in 8 years
What was the annual rate of increase
to the nearest 0.1 of a percent

$$500 \times M^8 = 1000$$
 $M^8 = \frac{1000}{500} = 2$ 
 $M = 2^{\frac{1}{8}} = 1.090507733$ 

Rate of annual increase = 9.1%

Exercise

$$(2x+1)(x-3)(x+2)$$

$$= (2x^{2}+x-6x-3)(x+2)$$

$$= (2x^{2}-5x-3)(x+2)$$

$$= (2x^{2}-5x-3)(x+2)$$

$$= (2x^{2}-5x-3)(x+2)$$

$$= (2x^{2}-5x-3)(x+2)$$

$$= (2x^{2}-6x-3)(x+2)$$

$$= (2x^{2}-6x-3)(x+2)$$