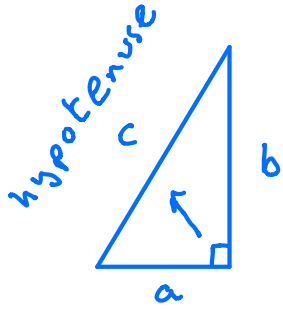
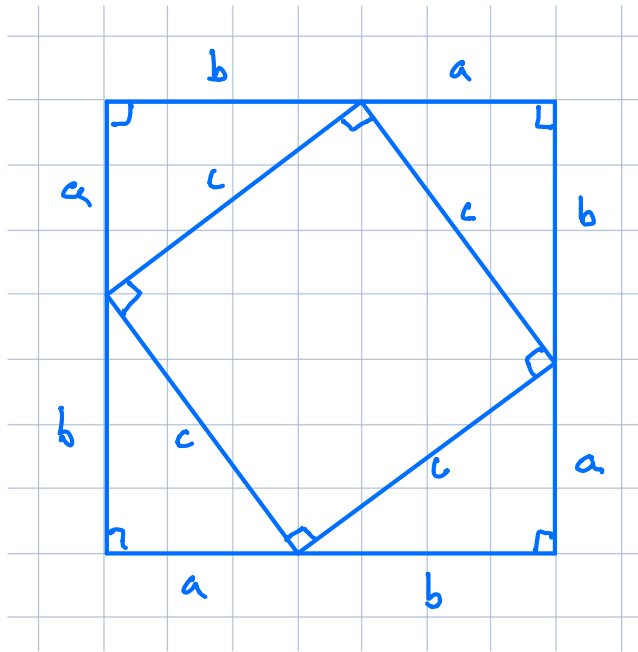


Pythagoras Theorem (for right-angled triangles)



$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

where c is the hypotenuse
(the longest side opposite the right-angle)



Proof of Pythagoras Theorem

Layout 4 copies of a right-angled triangle as above

Whole shape is a square with side $a+b$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore \text{area} &= (a+b)(a+b) \\ &= a^2 + ab + ab + b^2 \\ &= a^2 + b^2 + 2ab\end{aligned}$$

Whole shape is also the square in
the middle + 4 triangles

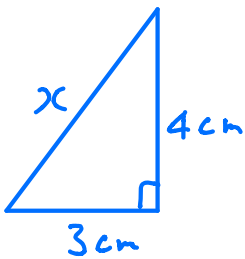
$$\begin{aligned}\text{Area} &= c^2 + 4 \times \frac{1}{2}ab \\ &= c^2 + 2ab\end{aligned}$$

Shape can only have one area

$$\therefore a^2 + b^2 + \cancel{2ab} = c^2 + \cancel{2ab}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{a^2 + b^2 = c^2}$$

Ex1



By Pythagoras

$$3^2 + 4^2 = x^2$$

$$9 + 16 = x^2$$

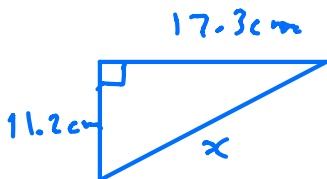
$$25 = x^2$$

$$\sqrt{25} = x$$

$$\underline{x = 5\text{cm}}$$

3, 4, 5
right-angled
triangle

Ex2



By Pythagoras

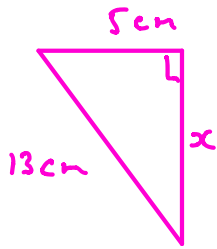
$$11.2^2 + 17.3^2 = x^2$$

$$424.73 = x^2$$

$$\sqrt{424.73} = x$$

$$\underline{x = 20.6\text{cm}}$$

Ex 3



By Pythagoras

$$x^2 + 5^2 = 13^2$$

$$x^2 = 13^2 - 5^2$$

$$x^2 = 169 - 25$$

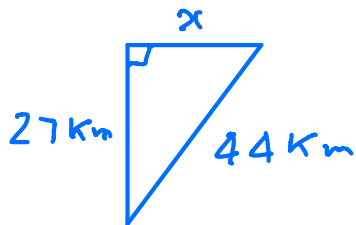
$$x^2 = 144$$

$$x = \sqrt{144}$$

$$x = 12 \text{ cm}$$

5, 12, 13
right-angled
triangle

Ex 4



By Pythagoras

$$x^2 + 27^2 = 44^2$$

$$x^2 = 44^2 - 27^2$$

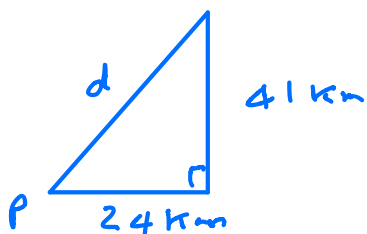
$$x^2 = 1207$$

$$x = \sqrt{1207}$$

$$x = 34.7 \text{ km}$$

Ex 5

A ship leaves port and sails 24 km East.
It then sails 41 km North. How far is the ship
from the port.



By Pythagoras

$$24^2 + 41^2 = d^2$$

$$2257 = d^2$$

$$\sqrt{2257} = d$$

$$d = 47.5 \text{ km}$$

Ship is 47.5 km from the port