Year 10 Higher assessment 3

Date:

Time: 55 Minutes

Total marks available: 50

Total marks achieved: _____

Questions

Q1.

(a) Complete the table of values for

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x - 1$$

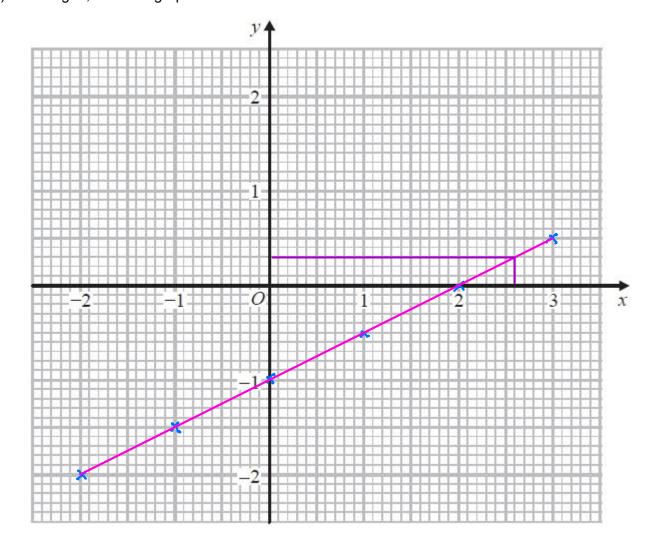
x	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
У	-2	$-\frac{3}{2}$	-	$-\frac{1}{2}$	0	1 2

(2)

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x - 1$$

for values of x from -2 to 3



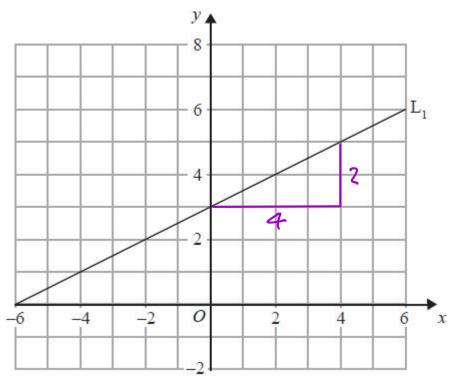
(2)

(c) Use your graph to find the value of x when y = 0.3

$$x = \frac{2.6}{(1)}$$

(Total for question = 5 marks)

The diagram shows a straight line, L₁, drawn on a grid.



A straight line, L_2 , is parallel to the straight line L_1 and passes through the point (0, -5).

Find an equation of the straight line L_2 .

Gradient of
$$L_1 = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

so gradient of
$$Lz = \frac{1}{2}$$

 $y = \frac{1}{2}x + C$ (0,-5) on line
 $-5 = 0 + C$
 $-5 = C$

$$9 = \frac{1}{2}x - 5$$

(Total for Question is 3 marks)

Q3.

The equation of the line L_1 is y = 3x - 2

The equation of the line L_2 is 3y - 9x + 5 = 0

Show that these two lines are parallel.

$$y = 3x - 2$$

gradient = 3

$$3y - 9x + 5 = 0$$

 $y - 3x + \frac{7}{3} = 0$
 $y = 3x - \frac{5}{3}$
 $y = 3x + \frac{5}{3} = 0$

Equal gradients so they are parallel

Gradient of PR $= \frac{-6 - -2}{-3 - 5} = \frac{-4}{-8} = +\frac{1}{2}$

A triangle has vertices *P*, *Q* and *R*.

The coordinates of P are (-3, -6)The coordinates of Q are (1, 4)

The coordinates of R are (5, -2)

M is the midpoint of *PQ*. *N* is the midpoint of *QR*.

Prove that MN is parallel to PR. You must show each stage of your working.

 $M = \left(\frac{-3+1}{2}, \frac{-6+4}{2}\right) = \left(\frac{-2}{2}, \frac{-2}{2}\right) = \left(-1, -1\right)$

$$N = \left(\frac{1+5}{2}, \frac{4+-2}{2}\right) = \left(\frac{6}{2}, \frac{2}{2}\right) = \left(3, 1\right)$$

Gradient of MN

$$= \frac{1 - -1}{3 - -1} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Equal gradients so parallel

(Total for question = 4 marks)

The straight line **L** has equation 4x + y = 7

Find an equation of the straight line perpendicular to L that passes through (-8, 3).

L
$$y = -4x + 7$$
 gradient = -4

Perpendicular gradient = $+\frac{1}{4}$
 $y = \frac{1}{4}x + c$ through $(-8,3)$
 $3 = \frac{1}{4}(-8) + c$
 $3 = -2 + c$
 $3 + 2 = c$
 $5 = c$
 $5 = c$

.....

(Total for question = 4 marks)

Q6.

(a) Show the inequality x < 3 on the number line below.



(2)

(b) Solve the inequality $4x - 7 \ge 13$

$$4 \times > 13 + 7$$

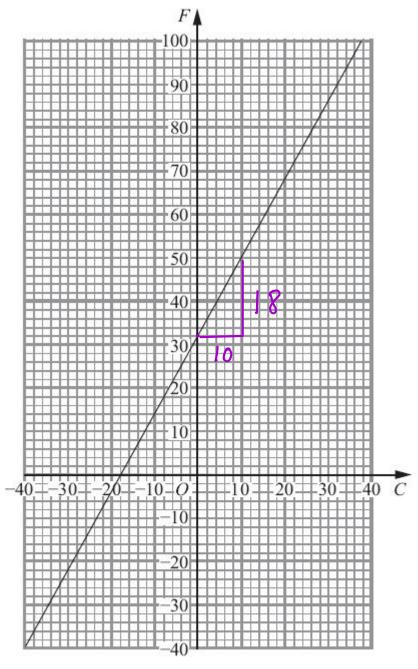
$$4 \times > 20$$

$$\times > 5$$

$$\times > \frac{20}{4}$$

$$\times > 5$$
(Total for question = 4 marks)
$$\times > 5$$

This graph can be used to convert between degrees Celsius (C) and degrees Fahrenheit (F).



Find the values of m and k such that

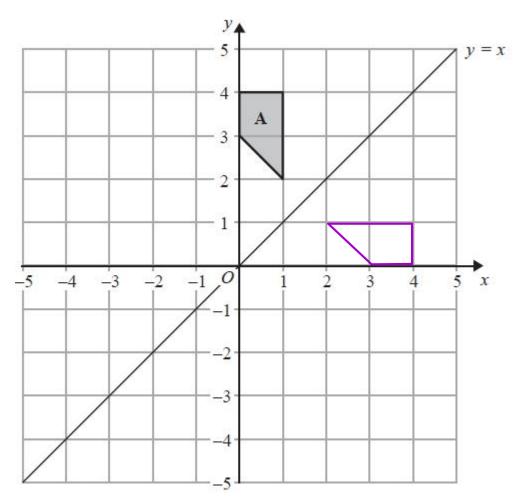
gradient =
$$\frac{18}{10} = \frac{9}{5}$$

Vertical intercept = 32

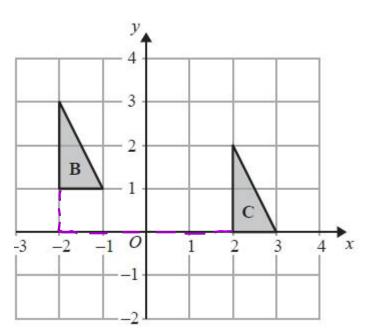
$$m = \dots \frac{9}{5}$$

$$k = \dots 32$$

(Total for Question is 3 marks)



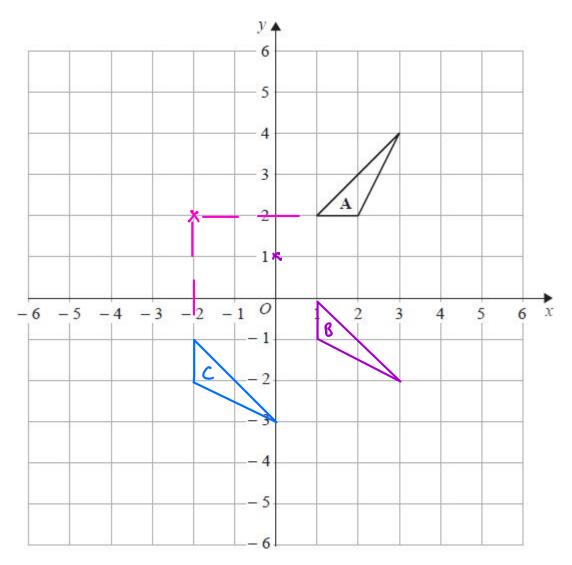
(a) On the grid, reflect shape **A** in the line y = x.



(b) Describe fully the single transformation that maps triangle ${\bf B}$ onto triangle ${\bf C}$.

	4	\
Translation by	(-1)	

(2)



Triangle $\bf A$ is rotated 90° clockwise about the point (0, 1) to give triangle $\bf B$.

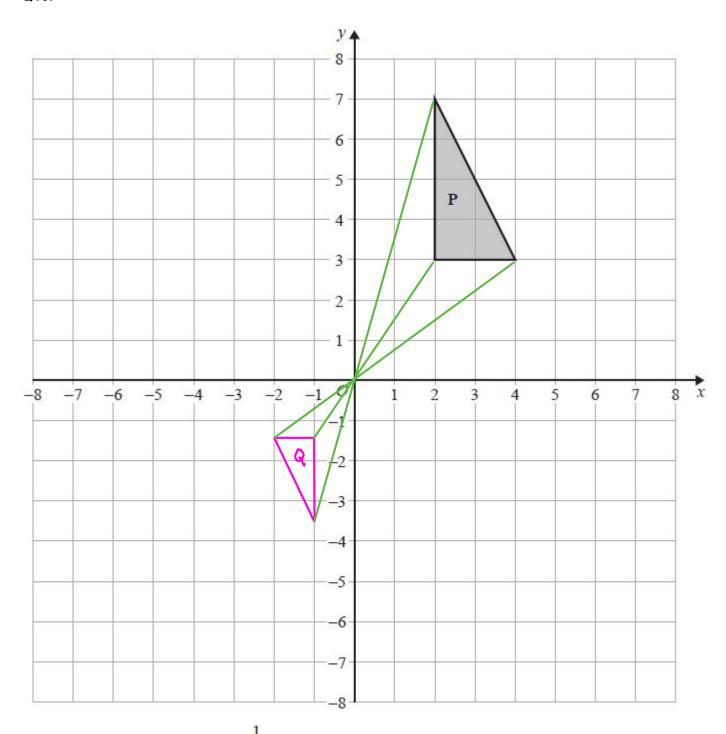
Triangle **B** is translated by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ to give triangle **C**.

Describe fully the single transformation that maps triangle **A** onto triangle **C**.

Rotation by 90° clockwise about (-2,2)

(3)

(Total for question = 3 marks)



 $-\frac{1}{2}$ Enlarge shape **P** by scale factor $\frac{1}{2}$ with centre of enlargement (0, 0).

Label your image **Q**.

(Total for question = 2 marks)

3 teas and 2 coffees have a total cost of £7.80 5 teas and 4 coffees have a total cost of £14.20

Work out the cost of one tea and the cost of one coffee.

$$3E + 2c = 7.80$$
 (1)
 $5E + 4c = 14.20$ (2)

$$0 \times 2$$
 6t + 4c = 15.60 3

$$3 - 2$$
 $E = 1.40$

Sub for t in (1)

$$3(1.40) + 2c = 7.80$$

 $4.20 + 2c = 7.80$
 $2c = 7.80 - 4.20$
 $2c = 3.60$
 $c = \frac{3.60}{2} = 1.80$

tea £	1.40	
coffee £	1.80	

(Total for question = 4 marks)

Q12.

Solve the equations

$$3x + 2y = 8$$

$$2x + 4y = 4$$

$$6x + 4y = 16$$

$$3 - 2$$

$$4x = 12$$

$$x = \frac{12}{4}$$

$$x = 3$$
Sub for x in (1)
$$3(3) + 2y = 8$$

$$9 + 2y = 8$$

$$2y = 8 - 9$$

$$2y = -1$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$x = 3, y = -\frac{1}{2}$$

(Total for Question is 4 marks)

Q13.

m is an integer such that $-2 < m \le 3$

(a) Write down all the possible values of *m*.

$$m = -1, 0, 1, 2, 3$$
(b) Solve $7x - 9 < 3x + 4$

$$7x - 3x < 4 + 4$$

$$4x < 13$$

$$x < \frac{13}{4}$$
(2)

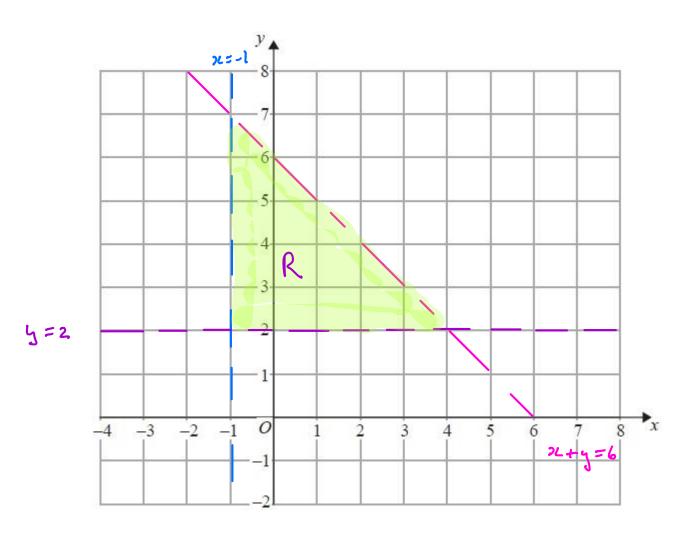
(Total for Question is 4 marks)

Q14.

On the grid below, show by shading, the region defined by the inequalities

$$x + y < 6$$

Mark this region with the letter R.



(Total for Question is 4 marks)