Questions

Q1.

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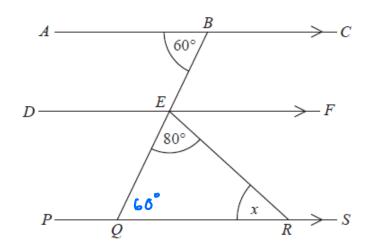


Diagram NOT accurately drawn

 $\angle BQR = 60^{\circ}$ (alternate $\angle S$) X = 180 - 80 - 60 $X = 40^{\circ}$ ($\angle Sum of \Delta$)

ABC, DEF and PQRS are parallel lines. BEQ is a straight line.

Angle $ABE = 60^{\circ}$ Angle $QER = 80^{\circ}$

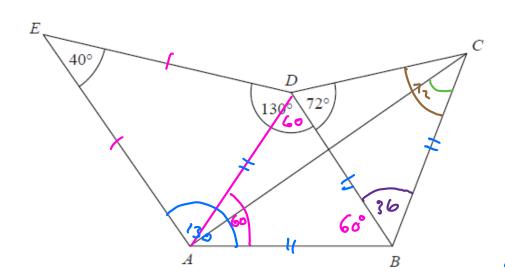
Work out the size of the angle marked x. Give reasons for each stage of your working.

(Total for question = 4 marks)

Q2.

Here is a pentagon ABCDE.

Diagram NOT accurately drawn



AB = BC = BDABDE is a kite.

Angle $AED = 40^{\circ}$ Angle $EDB = 130^{\circ}$

Angle $BDC = 72^{\circ}$

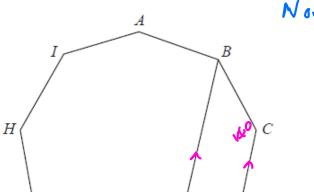
$$\angle BAO = \angle DAB = \frac{180 - 60}{2}$$

Work out the size of angle ACB.
$$\angle ACB = \frac{180 - 96}{2} = 42^{\circ}$$
 (base c of 1505 a)

(Total for question = 3 marks)

Q3.

ABCDEFGHI is a regular 9-sided polygon.



Nonagan 9 sides

Diagram NOT =
$$180 - \frac{360}{9} = 140^{\circ}$$

The vertices B and E are joined with a straight line.

Work out the size of angle *BEF*. You must show how you get your answer.

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(Total for question = 4 marks)

Q4.

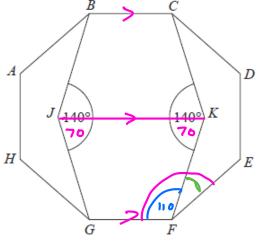


Diagram NOT accurately drawn

3CDEEGH is a regular octagon - 180 - 360

$$= 180 - \frac{360}{8}$$

ABCDEFGH is a regular octagon. BCKFGJ is a hexagon.

JK is a line of symmetry of the hexagon. Angle $BJG = angle CKF = 140^{\circ}$

Work out the size of angle *KFE*. You must show all your working.

0

(Total for Question is 4 marks)

Q5.

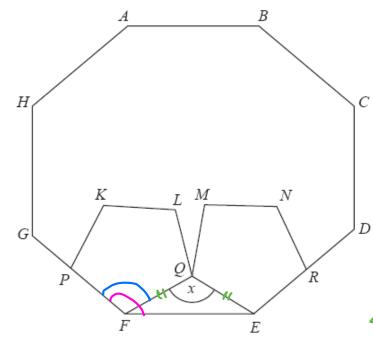


Diagram NOT accurately drawn

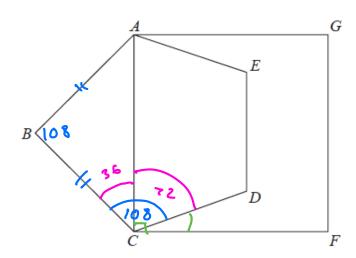
∠QFE = 135 - 108 = 27°

x = 180 - 27 - 27 $x = 126^{\circ} \quad (1505 \triangle)$

ABCDEFGH is a regular octagon.
KLQFP and MNREQ are two identical regular pentagons.

Work out the size of the angle marked *x*. You must show all your working.

(Total for question = 4 marks)



ABCDE is a regular pentagon. ACFG is a square.

Work out the size of angle *DCF*. You must show all your working.

Diagram NOT accurately drawn

$$= 180 - \frac{360}{5} = 108^{\circ}$$

$$\angle BCA = \frac{180 - 108}{2} = 36^{\circ}$$
(base $\angle of 15050$)

0

(Total for question = 4 marks)

Q7. The diagram shows a pattern using four identical rhombuses.

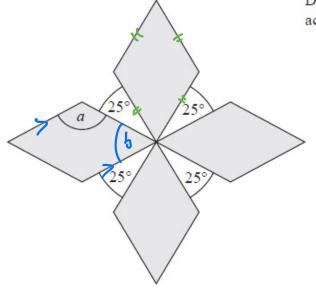


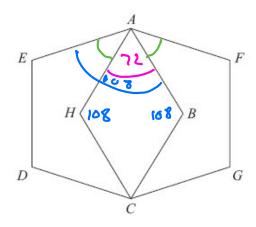
Diagram NOT accurately drawn

$$b = \frac{360 - 100}{4}$$
 $b = 65^{\circ}$
 $a = 180 - 65$
 $a = 115^{\circ}$
(allied angles)

Work out the size of the angle marked a.

You must show your working.

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ABCDE and AFGCH are regular pentagons. The two pentagons are the same size.

Work out the size of angle *EAH*. You must show how you got your answer.

Diagram NOT accurately drawn

(Total for Question is 4 marks)

Q9.

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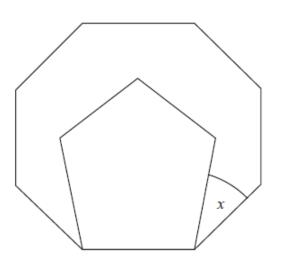


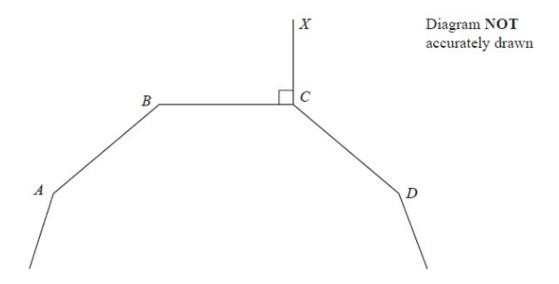
Diagram NOT accurately drawn

The diagram shows two regular polygons.

Find the size of the angle marked *x*. Give reasons for your answer.

(Total for question = 4 marks)

Q10.



A, B, C and D are four vertices of a regular 10-sided polygon.

Angle $BCX = 90^{\circ}$.

Work out the size of angle DCX.

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(Total for Question is 3 marks)

Q11.

ABCDE and PQRST are regular pentagons.

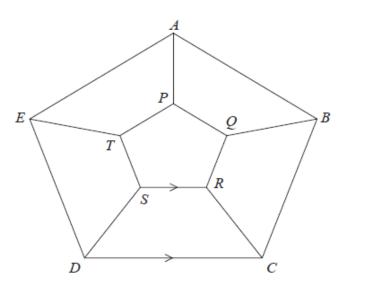


Diagram NOT accurately drawn

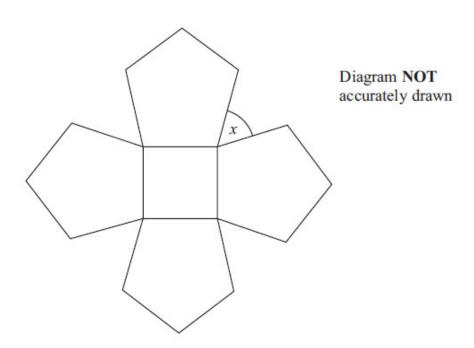
SR is parallel to DCAP = BQ = CR = DS = ET

Work out the size of angle *SRC*. You must show all your working.

c

(Total for question = 3 marks)

Q12.



The diagram shows a square and 4 regular pentagons.

Work out the size of the angle marked x.