Q2.	
The following shows the results of a survey on the types of exercise taken by a group of 100 people.	
65 run 48 swim 60 cycle 40 run and swim 30 swim and cycle 35 run and cycle 25 do all three	
(a) Draw a Venn Diagram to represent these data.	
	(4)
Find the probability that a randomly selected person from the survey	
(b) takes none of these types of exercise,	
(2)	
(c) swims but does not run,	
	(2)
(d) takes at least two of these types of exercise.	
(d) takes at least two of these types of exercise.	(2)
(d) takes at least two of these types of exercise. Jason is one of the above group. Given that Jason runs,	(2)
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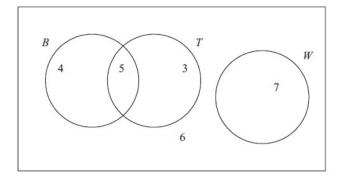


Figure 1

Figure 1 shows how 25 people travelled to work.

Their travel to work is represented by the events

B bicycle

T train

W walk

(a) Write down 2 of these events that are mutually exclusive. Give a reason for your answer.

(2)

(b) Determine whether or not B and T are independent events.

(3)

One person is chosen at random.

Find the probability that this person

(c) walks to work,

(1)

(d) travels to work by bicycle and train.

(1)

(e) Given that this person travels to work by bicycle, find the probability that they will also take the train.

The Venn diagram in Figure 1 shows the number of students in a class who read any of 3 popular magazines A, B and C.

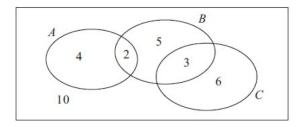


Figure 1

One of these students is selected at random.

(a) Show that the probability that the student reads more than one magazine is $\frac{1}{6}$.

(2)

(b) Find the probability that the student reads A or B (or both).

(2)

(c) Write down the probability that the student reads both A and C.

(1)

Given that the student reads at least one of the magazines,

(d) find the probability that the student reads C.

(2)

(e) Determine whether or not reading magazine B and reading magazine C are statistically independent.

(3)

(Total 10 marks)

There are 180 students at a college following a general course in computing. Students on this course can choose to take up to three extra options.	S
112 take systems support,	
70 take developing software,	
81 take networking,	
35 take developing software and systems support,	
28 take networking and developing software,	
40 take systems support and networking,	
4 take all three extra options.	
(a) In the space below, draw a Venn diagram to represent this information.	
	(5)
A student from the course is chosen at random.	
Find the probability that this student takes	
(b) none of the three extra options,	
	(1)
(c) networking only.	
	(1)
Students who want to become technicians take systems support and networking. Given that randomly chosen student wants to become a technician,	а
(d) find the probability that this student takes all three extra options.	
	(2)

(Total 9 marks)

Q12.

A college has 80 students in Year 12.

20 students study Biology

28 students study Chemistry

30 students study Physics

7 students study both Biology and Chemistry

- 11 students study both Chemistry and Physics
- 5 students study both Physics and Biology
- 3 students study all 3 of these subjects
- (a) Draw a Venn diagram to represent this information.

(5)

A Year 12 student at the college is selected at random.

(b) Find the probability that the student studies Chemistry but not Biology or Physics.

(1)

(c) Find the probability that the student studies Chemistry or Physics or both.

(2)

Given that the student studies Chemistry or Physics or both,

(d) find the probability that the student does not study Biology.

(2)

(e) Determine whether studying Biology and studying Chemistry are statistically independent.

(3)

(Total for question = 13 marks)

Q13.

A person's blood group is determined by whether or not it contains any of 3 substances A, B and C.

A doctor surveyed 300 patients' blood and produced the table below.

Blood contains	No. of Patients
only C	100
A and C but not B	100
only A	30
B and C but not A	25
only B	12
A, B and C	10
A and B but not C	3

(a) Draw a Venn diagram to represent this information.

(4)

(b) Find the probability that a randomly chosen patient's blood contains substance C.

(2)

Harry is one of the patients. Given that his blood contains substance A,

(c) find the probability that his blood contains all 3 substances.

(2)

Patients whose blood contains none of these substances are called universal blood donors.

(d) Find the probability that a randomly chosen patient is a universal blood donor.

(2)

(Total 10 marks)

Q14.					
The following shows the results of a wine tasting survey of 100 people.					
(a) Draw a Venn Diagram to represer	96 like wine A, 93 like wine B, 96 like wine C, 92 like A and B, 91 like B and C, 93 like A and C, 90 like all three wines.				
		(6)			
Find the probability that a randomly s	elected person from the survey likes				
(b) none of the three wines,					
		(1)			
(c) wine A but not wine B,					
		(2)			
(d) any wine in the survey except wir	ne C,				
		(2)			
(e) exactly two of the three kinds of v	wine.				
		(2)			
Given that a person from the survey l	ikes wine A,				
(f) find the probability that the person	n likes wine <i>C</i> .				
		(3)			
		(Total 16 marks)			
		(IOCAL TO IIIALKS)			