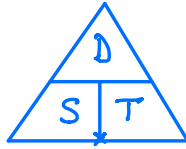


Compound Measures

Speed

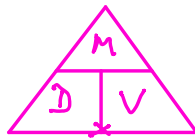


$$\text{Speed} = \frac{\text{Distance}}{\text{Time}}$$

$$\text{Time} = \frac{\text{Distance}}{\text{Speed}}$$

$$\text{Distance} = \text{Speed} \times \text{Time}$$

Density

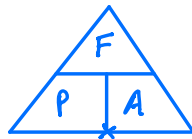


$$\text{Density} = \frac{\text{Mass}}{\text{Volume}}$$

$$\text{Volume} = \frac{\text{Mass}}{\text{Density}}$$

$$\text{Mass} = \text{Density} \times \text{Volume}$$

Pressure



$$\text{Pressure} = \frac{\text{Force}}{\text{Area}}$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{\text{Force}}{\text{Pressure}}$$

$$\text{Force} = \text{Pressure} \times \text{Area}$$

Speed, Time, Distance

$$\text{Average Speed} = \frac{\text{Total Distance}}{\text{Total Time}}$$

Example

John drives for 2 hours at 40 km/hr from A to B. He then drives 120 km from B to C at 30 km/hr.

What is John's average speed for the whole journey from A to C?

	Speed	Time	Distance
A to B	40 km/h	2 hrs	80 km
B to C	30 km/h	4 hrs	120 km
		<u>6 hrs</u>	<u>200 km</u>

$$\text{Average Speed} = \frac{\text{Total Distance}}{\text{Total Time}}$$

$$= \frac{200}{6} = 33\frac{1}{3} \text{ km/hr}$$

Ex2 Bill travels 100 km from P to Q at 25 km/h. He then travels for 3 hours at 30 km/h from Q to R. He then travels from R to S at 40 km/h for $1\frac{1}{2}$ hrs.

Work out his average speed from P to S.

	Speed	Time	Distance
P to Q	25 km/h	4	100 km
Q to R	30 km/h	3	90 km
R to S	40 km/h	$1\frac{1}{2}$	60 km
		<u>$8\frac{1}{2}$</u>	<u>250 km</u>

$$\text{Average Speed} = \frac{\text{Total Distance}}{\text{Total Time}}$$

$$= \frac{250}{8\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= 29.4 \text{ km/h}$$

Density , Mass, Volume

A has density 4 g/cm^3

B has density 6 g/cm^3

A compound C is made from 200 cm^3 of A and 150 cm^3 of B. Find the density of C

	Density	Mass	Volume
A	4 g/cm^3	800g	200 cm^3
B	6 g/cm^3	900g	150 cm^3
		1700g	350 cm^3

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Density of C} &= \frac{\text{Total Mass}}{\text{Total Volume}} \\ &= \frac{1700}{350} = 4.86 \text{ g/cm}^3\end{aligned}$$

Ex2 T is made from P, Q, R

P has density 7 g/cm^3 and mass 56g

Q has density 10 g/cm^3 and volume of 8 cm^3

R has mass of 80g and volume 16 cm^3

Find the density of T

	Density	Mass	Volume
P	7 g/cm^3	56g	8 cm^3
Q	10 g/cm^3	80g	8 cm^3
R		80g	16 cm^3
		216g	32 cm^3

$$\text{Density of T} = \frac{\text{Total Mass}}{\text{Total Volume}} = \frac{216}{32} = 6.75 \text{ g/cm}^3$$

Exercise 22.15 (Pink Book Page 465)

1 a) $100 \text{ m in } 13 \text{ s} = 7.7 \text{ m/s}$

1 b) $200 \text{ m in } 28 \text{ s} = 7.1 \text{ m/s}$

1 c) $400 \text{ m in } 58.4 \text{ s} = 6.8 \text{ m/s}$

1 d) $1500 \text{ m in } 4 \text{ min } 52 \text{ s} = 5.1 \text{ m/s}$
 $1500 \text{ m in } 292 \text{ s}$

2 a) $2 \text{ hrs at } 80 \text{ km/h} = 160 \text{ km}$

2 b) $7 \text{ hrs at } 23 \text{ mph} = 161 \text{ miles}$

2 c) $6 \text{ sec at } 9 \text{ m/s} = 54 \text{ m}$

2 d) $1 \text{ day at } 12 \text{ mph} = 24 \times 12 = 288 \text{ miles}$